

Annuity



NAC IncomeChoice[®] 10

fixed index annuity

Issued by North American Company for Life and Health Insurance[®]



The income you need,
the potential you want

Go for a retirement paycheck big enough for your life

For all the tough choices you've had to make in life, a few keep coming back around again. Life still costs money, and it seems the more adventures you pursue, the more expensive life gets. What if you didn't have to sacrifice your adventures in retirement?

What if you could meet your basic needs and get the growth potential you want to pursue your dreams?

Look to the NAC IncomeChoice® 10 from North American



Know the lingo

Key terms to help you understand how your annuity works

An annuity represents a simple promise. It's an insurance contract. For your money and the time you leave it with us, we promise to offer both growth potential and downside protection from market drops. In explaining the fine details, though, you might see some terms that are new to you. Look for boxes like this if you run into a word you'd like to better understand.

Premium

The amount paid to the insurance company to fund an annuity.

\$20,000 minimum (qualified and non-qualified)

Accumulation value

The accumulation value is equal to 100% of premium plus any fixed and index account interest you are credited less withdrawals. The accumulation value is used to determine your surrender value, death benefit and certain withdrawals. You can learn more in the "How your annuity can grow" section.

Guaranteed lifetime withdrawal benefit (GLWB)

If you use this benefit, you can create an income stream you can't outlive. The guaranteed lifetime withdrawal benefit feature, which you'll sometimes see abbreviated as GLWB, is included for no additional fee. When you elect, it sets a payment amount that you may withdraw every year – even if those payments add up to be more than what you paid into the annuity and the growth you were credited.

GLWB value

The GLWB value is exclusively used to calculate lifetime payment amounts. This value is not the basis for calculating the accumulation value, death benefit or other withdrawals from the contract. See more in the "How we calculate your lifetime payments" section.

What sets NAC IncomeChoice apart?

This deferred, flexible-premium, fixed index annuity is designed to provide you guaranteed lifetime income with growth potential from index accounts linked to the stock market.

You can get started for a minimum of \$20,000. Better rates are available for premium levels of \$250,000 or more. And because NAC IncomeChoice can grow in multiple ways, we're able to offer our highest potential income, helping you on your way to whatever adventures retirement has in store.



+

Key benefits of NAC IncomeChoice

Know the lingo

GLWB roll-up rate

Also known as the GLWB value increase percentage, this is a guaranteed 1.50% growth rate applied to the GLWB value that compounds annually for a set period of time if you take no early withdrawals.

GLWB stacking roll-up credit

This is another way we give your GLWB value a potential boost. On top of the 1.50% roll-up rate, you'll get to add to your GLWB value the amount credited to your accumulation value multiplied by 150%. This applies until your lifetime payment amount election date (or for the first 20 contract years, whichever is first), except in years where a withdrawal is taken. The GLWB bonus and GLWB stacking roll-up credit don't apply to the accumulation value or death benefit.

Lifetime payment amount

The GLWB lifetime income feature has a formula for how payments are calculated. We call the result of that formula a lifetime payment amount, or LPA. To get the final number, we factor in your premium, any GLWB bonus and GLWB value growth you've been credited, adjustments for any withdrawals, when you choose to start lifetime payments, and the lifetime payment percentage based on your age and the options you select.

Accumulation value interest credits

For fixed accounts, this term couldn't be simpler. You have a fixed growth rate, and you get annual interest credits for each period that rate is guaranteed. When you choose an index account, the actual amount of interest credited to your accumulation value is determined by a formula. Since it's an index account and not a direct investment, we call the percentage your policy earns its credited interest.

NAC IncomeChoice can never lose value due to market fluctuations and has the potential to grow in several ways – guarantees, a way to benefit from the market's upside and a GLWB bonus – that gives you the best of all worlds:

- With multiple index account options available, you'll also have flexibility to choose a strategy that matches your preferred style.
- Through the no-additional-fee guaranteed lifetime withdrawal benefit (GLWB) feature, the GLWB value – the basis for your lifetime payment amount – can grow. Here's how GLWB value is calculated:
 - The GLWB value initially equals 100% of your premium.
 - For the first five years of your contract, you'll get a 2% GLWB bonus on all premium you put in.
 - With what we call the GLWB stacking roll-up credit, you'll receive...

**1.50% growth of your GLWB value
(compounded annually)**

+

**150% of the dollar amount of interest
credited to your accumulation value**

- Less any adjustments for partial withdrawals

- Once you decide to begin taking lifetime payments, the GLWB value is multiplied by a lifetime payment percentage to calculate your lifetime payment amount. The resulting lifetime payment amount provides guaranteed income you can't outlive as long as you don't take more than that amount in any year. For more, see the "How we calculate your lifetime payments" section.

Lock in interest credits

One advantage of fixed index annuities is a reset feature, which applies to this annuity no matter which crediting method you choose.

With the annual reset, any interest credits are added to your index accounts on each contract anniversary. For the Two-Year Point-to-Point option, this reset happens at the end of each two-year term.

Once credits are added, they're locked in. That means they can't be taken away due to negative index performance. Also at that point, it's added to your accumulation value, giving you the advantage of compounding interest in subsequent years.

By resetting your starting index value at the same time, this feature can help minimize your risk when the index experiences a severe downturn. Without it, you'd have to wait for the index value to climb up to its original level before any interest credit could be realized.

A closer look at the GLWB value

Since the GLWB value is a key component to your LPAs, it's important to know how it can increase or decrease.

GLWB value increases due to:

- Additional premiums during the GLWB value premium period
- Annual GLWB value roll-ups

GLWB value decreases due to:

- Withdrawals, including penalty-free withdrawals, required minimum distributions (RMDs), and LPAs
- All withdrawals will reduce the GLWB value on a proportional basis

Your death benefit and surrender value are both determined by your accumulation value. LPAs, as well as other types of withdrawals, will reduce both your accumulation value and your GLWB value.

GLWB value

Used to determine LPAs. Not available as a lump sum or death benefit.

Accumulation value

Used to determine annuity payout options, penalty-free withdrawals, surrender value and death benefit. Grows via any fixed and index account interest credits.



Tax deferral improves growth potential

Your annuity's value grows on a tax-deferred basis, meaning more of it is working for you. Tax-deferred growth means you don't owe taxes until you access your funds, allowing more time for growth potential. Work with your tax advisor to find out how this might work for you.

Under current law, annuities grow tax-deferred. An annuity is not required for tax deferral in qualified plans. Annuities may be subject to taxation during the income or withdrawal phase. Please note that neither North American, nor any financial professionals acting on its behalf, should be viewed as providing legal, tax or investment advice. Consult with and rely on your own qualified advisor.

Provide a lasting legacy

Your beneficiaries will get the remaining accumulation value of your annuity as a death benefit – either in an immediate lump sum or in installments. And, because annuities may avoid the costs and delays of probate, they may not have to wait.

Please consult with and rely on your own legal or tax advisor.

Take advantage of flexible payout options

Whether you need to start drawing income soon after purchasing your annuity or you'd prefer to wait and build your lifetime income potential, there's an option for you. Learn more in the payout option section.

Why choose North American?

In good times and in bad, over the last 30 years, we've remained one of the most highly rated insurance companies in the U.S., rated A+ (Superior) by A.M. Best.^a

(See back cover for details)



How we calculate your lifetime payments

The NAC IncomeChoice is designed to generate guaranteed lifetime income through the GLWB feature.

Provided no excess withdrawals are taken, this feature ultimately guarantees that a specified amount, the lifetime payment amount, can be withdrawn each contract year for your life, even if the accumulation value and the GLWB value are both reduced to zero.

How to calculate your GLWB value

$$\begin{aligned}
 &100\% \text{ of initial and subsequent premiums} \\
 &+ \\
 &\quad \mathbf{2\% \text{ GLWB bonus}} \\
 &\quad \text{(On premium received in first five contract years)} \\
 &+ \\
 &\quad \mathbf{\text{Stacking roll-up credits}} \\
 &\quad \text{(1.50\% of year-end GLWB value + 150\% of dollar amount of interest credited to accumulation value)} \\
 &- \\
 &\quad \mathbf{\text{Adjustments for withdrawals from the contract}} \\
 &\quad \text{(If applicable)} \\
 \hline
 &\mathbf{\text{GLWB value}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Here's a simple hypothetical example of how your GLWB value grows compared to your accumulation value:

	GLWB value	Accumulation value
Initial premium of \$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000
Immediate 2% GLWB bonus applied	\$102,000	\$100,000
Year 1 interest credit of 3% applied	1.50% roll up (1.50% x \$102,000) = \$1,530 \$3,000 x 150% stacking = \$4,500 \$108,030	\$103,000

This is a hypothetical example and is for illustration purposes only to illustrate the concept.

Lifetime payment amounts

After the first contract anniversary that is on or after your 50th birthday, when you're ready to start lifetime income, you can choose monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual payments and have them start lower and automatically increase each year or remain level. Payments can be started and stopped at any time. Any excess withdrawals that you may choose to take from your annuity's accumulation value will reduce your future lifetime payments by a proportional amount.

Thereafter, on each contract anniversary, your lifetime payment amount may increase based on the lifetime payment percentage that applies to the annuitant's current age, lifetime payment amount option elected and current GLWB value. This may positively impact future lifetime payment amounts. Future payments will not decrease so long as you don't withdraw more than the available lifetime payment amount in any contract year.

Lifetime payment amount options

Your lifetime payment percentage is determined by the attained age of the annuitant and lifetime payment amount option elected. For joint annuitants, your lifetime payment percent is based on attained age of youngest annuitant.

Level lifetime payments

This option provides a level payment amount for either the rest of your lifetime or the joint lifetime of you and your spouse.

Increasing lifetime payments

This option starts at a lower initial payment amount than the level payment option, but has the possibility of increasing each year, based on an average of the interest credited to your fixed and index accounts. Again, this option can apply for either the rest of your lifetime or use the joint lifetime of you and your spouse.



Lifetime payment percentages (LPPs)

Level LPA			
Single annuitant		Joint annuitant	
Attained age	Percentage	Attained age	Percentage
50-59	3.40%	50-59	2.90%
60	3.90%	60	3.40%
61	4.00%	61	3.50%
62	4.10%	62	3.60%
63	4.20%	63	3.70%
64	4.30%	64	3.80%
65	4.40%	65	3.90%
66	4.50%	66	4.00%
67	4.60%	67	4.10%
68	4.70%	68	4.20%
69	4.80%	69	4.30%
70	4.90%	70	4.40%
71	5.00%	71	4.50%
72	5.10%	72	4.60%
73	5.20%	73	4.70%
74	5.30%	74	4.80%
75	5.40%	75	4.90%
76	5.50%	76	5.00%
77	5.60%	77	5.10%
78	5.70%	78	5.20%
79	5.80%	79	5.30%
80+	5.90%	80+	5.40%

Increasing LPA			
Single annuitant		Joint annuitant	
Attained age	Percentage	Attained age	Percentage
50-59	2.40%	50-59	1.90%
60	2.90%	60	2.40%
61	3.00%	61	2.50%
62	3.10%	62	2.60%
63	3.20%	63	2.70%
64	3.30%	64	2.80%
65	3.40%	65	2.90%
66	3.50%	66	3.00%
67	3.60%	67	3.10%
68	3.70%	68	3.20%
69	3.80%	69	3.30%
70	3.90%	70	3.40%
71	4.00%	71	3.50%
72	4.10%	72	3.60%
73	4.20%	73	3.70%
74	4.30%	74	3.80%
75	4.40%	75	3.90%
76	4.50%	76	4.00%
77	4.60%	77	4.10%
78	4.70%	78	4.20%
79	4.80%	79	4.30%
80+	4.90%	80+	4.40%

You will need to notify us in writing to begin receiving your lifetime payment amounts. Once lifetime payment amounts begin, GLWB stacking roll-up credits will no longer be applied.

For tax treatment of lifetime payment amounts please see your tax advisor. Under current tax law, income payments from NAC IncomeChoice may be taxed as ordinary income. Additionally, if taken before 59½, income payments may be subject to 10% IRS penalty.

How your annuity can grow

With NAC IncomeChoice, there are several strategies from which to choose that can help your accumulation value and GLWB value grow. At a high level, you can pick between fixed and index accounts.

On the index side, you can choose from a variety of strategies and index options based on your preferences. While you're not actually investing in the market, interest credits are based on market performance.

Set your strategy

In addition to the fixed account, here are your crediting method options:

- Monthly Point-to-Point with Index Cap Rate
- Annual Point-to-Point with Threshold Participation Strategy
- Annual Point-to-Point with Index Cap Rate, Index Margin or Participation Rate
- Two-year Point-to-Point with Index Margin

Each crediting method and the index account options on the next page may perform differently in various market scenarios.

Did you know?

How subsequent premiums are applied

All subsequent premiums will initially be credited a fixed interest rate. We'll declare this interest rate for each subsequent premium at the time it's received.

The interest rate applicable to each subsequent premium is guaranteed until the end of the contract year. On each contract anniversary, North American will allocate any premiums received since the prior contract anniversary among the accounts, according to your most recent instructions.



Pick from a wide variety of index* options

S&P 500® Index (SPX)

Widely regarded as the best single gauge of the large cap U.S. equities market since the index was first published in 1957. The index includes 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy.

S&P Multi-Asset Risk Control 5% Excess Return Index (SPMARC5P)

S&P MARC 5% ER

The S&P MARC 5% ER Index is a multi-asset excess return index that strives to create more stable index performance through diversification, an excess return methodology, and volatility management. The index manages volatility by adjusting the allocations among multiple asset classes and by allocating to cash in certain market environments. The Index is managed to a 5% volatility level.

S&P 500® Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 5% Index (SPLV5UT)

The S&P 500® Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 5% Index strives to create stable performance through managing volatility (i.e. risk control) on the S&P 500 Low Volatility Index. The S&P 500 Low Volatility Index measures performance of the 100 least volatile stocks in the S&P 500®. The index adds an element of risk control by allocating between stocks, as represented by the S&P 500 Low Volatility Index, and cash. This index is managed to a 5% volatility control.

** NOTE: Past index performance is not intended to predict future performance and the index does not include dividends.*

S&P 500® Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 8% Index (SPLV8UT)

The S&P 500® Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 8% Index strives to create stable performance through managing volatility (i.e. risk control) on the S&P 500 Low Volatility Index. The S&P 500 Low Volatility Index measures performance of the 100 least volatile stocks in the S&P 500. The index adds an element of risk control by applying rules to allocate between stocks, as represented by the S&P 500 Low Volatility Index, and cash. The Index is managed to an 8% volatility level.

Did you know?

How transfers work

You may elect to transfer your values between the fixed account and index account options after the first contract year for the annual index account (or every two years if you choose the Two-Year Point-to-Point strategy). You may also elect to transfer between crediting methods annually (or every two years for amounts allocated to the Two-Year strategy).

Based on current tax laws, these transfers between options will not be taxable or subject to surrender penalties.

By current company practice, you will have 30 days following each contract anniversary to reallocate. A feature offered “by current company practice” is not a contractual guarantee of this annuity contract and can be removed or changed at any time.

Set your strategy

In addition to the fixed account, here are your crediting methods and index options.

Diversify your premium among the following index account options

Crediting methods options	Index availability
Monthly Point-to-Point with index cap rate	• S&P 500®
Annual Point-to-Point with index cap rate	• S&P 500®
Annual Point-to-Point with index margin	• S&P 500® Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 5% • S&P MARC 5% ER
Annual Point-to-Point with participation rate	• S&P 500®
Two-year Point-to-Point with index margin**	• S&P 500® Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 8%
Annual Point-to-Point with Threshold Participation Strategy <i>(Subject to base and enhanced participation rates and index return threshold)</i>	• S&P 500® Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 5%

In your contract the applicable period of time for your crediting method is referred to as a “term”.

** For the Two-year Point-to-Point, the declared annual index margin is multiplied by two when it is applied at the end of each two-year term.

Crediting methods

Monthly Point-to-Point with Index Cap Rate	Monthly Point-to-Point	This method for determining any interest credit uses the monthly changes in the index value, subject to a monthly index cap rate. The interest credit is credited annually and is based on the sum of all the monthly percentage changes in the index value—which could be positive or negative. On each contract anniversary, these monthly changes, each not to exceed the monthly index cap rate, are added together to determine the interest credit for that year. Negative monthly returns have no downside limit and will reduce the interest credit, but the interest credit will never be less than zero.
	Index Cap Rate	Your annuity applies an index cap rate, or upper limit, to calculate your interest credits each year for the Monthly Point-to-Point. This cap, which is applied monthly, may change annually. The index cap rate will be declared on each contract anniversary and is guaranteed for that year. The index cap rate is set at the company's discretion, however, at no time will this cap ever fall below the minimum guaranteed index cap rate set for the Monthly Point-to-Point index account option.

Crediting methods

Annual Point-to-Point with • Index Cap Rate; or • Index Margin; or • Participation Rate	Annual Point-to-Point	<p>This calculation method measures the change in index value using two points in time; the beginning index value and the ending index value for that year. Index linked gains are calculated based on the difference between these two values. The index growth, if any, is then subject to an index margin, index cap rate, and/or participation rate. The annual interest credit will never be less than zero.</p>
	Index Cap Rate	<p>Your annuity applies an index cap rate, or upper limit, to calculate your interest credits each year applied to the annual point-to-point index account option. This cap, which is applied annually and may change annually. It is declared on the contract anniversary and is guaranteed for that year. The index cap rate is set at the company's discretion. However, at no time will this cap ever fall below the minimum guaranteed index cap rate set for the Annual Point-to-Point index account option.</p>
	Index Margin	<p>Once a gain has been calculated using the Annual Point-to-Point index account option, an index margin is subtracted. The index margin is guaranteed for the first year, but can change each year thereafter at the company's discretion. The index margin is set in advance each contract year, however at no time will it be greater than the maximum index margin for the Annual Point-to-Point index account.</p>
	Participation Rate	<p>Once a gain has been calculated using the Annual Point-to-Point index account option, a participation rate is applied. The participation rate is a percentage that is multiplied by the gain at the end of the contract year and is used to determine the interest credit to your contract. The participation rate is guaranteed for the first contract year, and can change each year thereafter on the contract anniversary. The participation rate is declared each year at the company's discretion. However, at no time will this rate ever fall below the minimum guaranteed participation rate set for the Annual Point-to-Point index account.</p>
Two-year Point-to-Point with Index Margin	Two-year (also known as Term) Point-to-Point	<p>This calculation method measures the change in index value using two points in time; the beginning index value and the ending index value for that two-year term. Index linked gains are calculated based on the difference between these two values. The index growth, if any, is then subject to an index margin. The interest credit will never be less than zero.</p>
	Index Margin	<p>Once a gain has been calculated using the Two-year Point-to-Point index account option, the annual index margin is multiplied by two (which is the term length) and is subtracted from the gain. An annual index margin is set at the beginning of each two-year term and is guaranteed for that term. The index margin can change at the start of each new term at the company's discretion, however at no time will it be greater than the maximum index margin for the Two-year Point-to-Point index account.</p>
Threshold Participation Strategy	Annual Point-to-Point	<p>This calculation method measures the change in index value using two points in time; the beginning index value and the ending index value for that year. Index linked gains are calculated based on the difference between these two values. For the Annual Point-to-Point with Threshold Participation Rate, once an index-linked gain has been calculated using the Annual Point-to-Point index account, the index-linked gain is compared to a declared index return threshold and is subject to either one or both of the of the threshold participation rates, called the base participation rate and the enhanced participation rate. The annual interest credit will never be less than zero.</p>
	Threshold Participation Rates and Index Return Threshold	<p>A participation rate is a percentage that is multiplied by any index-linked gain at the end of the contract year to determine the interest credit to your contract. If the gain is less than or equal to the index return threshold, the base participation rate is applied to the gain and used to determine your interest credit. If the gain exceeds the index return threshold, the base participation rate is applied to the portion of the gain up to and including the threshold index return and the enhanced participation rate is applied to the portion of the gain that exceeds the index return threshold. The sum of these values is used to determine your interest credit. The index return threshold, the base participation rate, and the enhanced participation rate are each declared annually at the company's discretion. Each is guaranteed for the first contract year, and can change each year thereafter on the contract anniversary, but will never exceed the maximum index return threshold or fall below the minimum base participation rate, or minimum enhanced participation rate.</p>
Fixed account		<p>Premium allocated to the fixed account will be credited interest at a declared fixed account interest rate and is credited daily. The initial premium interest rate is guaranteed for the first contract year. For each subsequent contract year, we will declare, at our discretion, a fixed account interest rate that will apply to the amount allocated to the fixed account as of the beginning of that contract year. A declared fixed account interest rate will never fall below the minimum guaranteed fixed account interest rate.</p>

Ask your sales representative for the current index cap rates, index margins, participation rates, including the base and enhanced participation rate and the index return threshold, and fixed account interest rate.

Options for accessing funds

Know the lingo

Market value adjustment

This refers to a feature which may decrease or increase your surrender value depending on the change in the market value adjustment reference rate since you purchased your annuity.

See the “finer points” section for more details.

Surrender charge

If you need the funds before you planned, you may run the risk of incurring what’s called a surrender charge. You don’t have to worry about it if you keep your premium with us for the full duration of the contract. Charges like these, which decrease the longer you keep your annuity, allow the company to invest your money long-term and, in turn, let us potentially offer you better returns.

Surrender value

This number could be less than your accumulation value. It’s what you’d get if you ended your contract today. Here’s how the math works:

Accumulation value

-/+ Market value adjustment (if applicable)

- Surrender charges (if applicable)

- State premium taxes (if applicable)

Surrender value

After your surrender charge period, you’d potentially only be responsible for state premium taxes.

+

How withdrawals impact how your annuity grows

If you take withdrawals beyond those allowed penalty-free, you won’t experience the full benefits of this annuity. In addition to reducing your accumulation value, your GLWB value will be reduced for any withdrawals taken either before or after lifetime payments begin. Withdrawals other than lifetime payments and Required Minimum Distributions (RMDs) will cause your GLWB value to be reduced by the same percentage withdrawn from your contract, which may represent a larger dollar amount than withdrawn. Withdrawals can be taken to satisfy required minimum distributions without triggering surrender charges* but will still reduce the GLWB value by the dollar amount withdrawn. Excess withdrawals may be subject to surrender charges and market value adjustments (if applicable) and will ultimately impact your future lifetime payments.

Penalty-free withdrawals

Like most annuities, you’ll be limited in when and how much you can withdraw from your annuity penalty-free. After the first contract anniversary, you may choose to take a penalty-free withdrawal (also known as a penalty-free partial surrender) of up to 5% of the accumulation value each year. If you withdraw more than that, a surrender charge, and market value adjustment may apply.

After the surrender charge period, surrender charges, and a market value adjustment will no longer apply.

Withdrawals may be treated by the government as ordinary income. If taken before age 59 1/2, you may also have to pay a 10% IRS penalty. Withdrawals will reduce your accumulation value accordingly.

By current company practice*, we’ll waive surrender charges, premium bonus recapture, and interest adjustments on any portion of an IRS-required minimum distribution that goes beyond what’s available to you penalty-free.

** A feature offered “by current company practice” is not a contractual guarantee of this annuity contract and can be removed or changed at any time.*

Your annuitization payout options

You may decide to begin receiving income payments from your annuity at the end of the first contract year based on the surrender value. These optional payouts are available in deferred annuities like NAC IncomeChoice but are not required.

Once a payout option is elected, however, it can't be changed, and all other rights and benefits under the annuity end.

If you chose to put in money that was already taxed, your annuity would be considered a non-qualified plan. A portion of each income payout from a non-qualified plan would be considered a return of premium. That amount would not be taxable, but any credited gains would be.

By current company practice*, you may receive an income from the accumulation value after the first contract year (without surrender charges or market value adjustment) if you choose a life income option. You can also receive an income based on the accumulation value if your annuity has been in force for at least five years and you elect to receive payments over at least a 5-year period.

** A feature offered "by current company practice" is not a contractual guarantee of this annuity contract and can be removed or changed at any time.*

Payout Options:

With the exception of life income options, income options are available from 5 to 20 years.

Choose from:

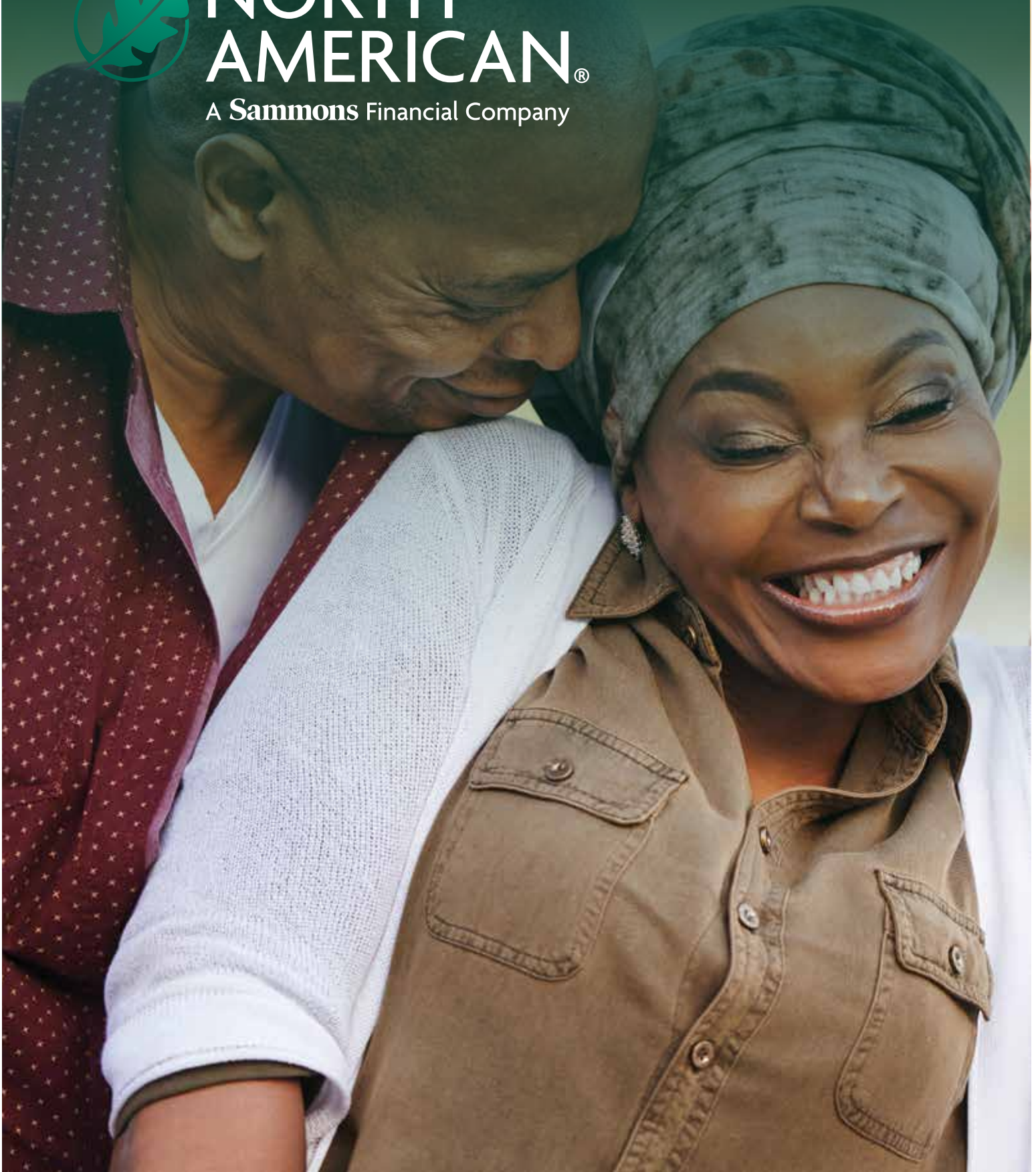
- Income for a specified period
- Income for a specified amount
- Life income with a period certain
- Life income
- Joint and survivor life income





NORTH AMERICAN[®]

A **Sammons** Financial Company



The finer points of some other features

Issue ages

The NAC IncomeChoice is available at issue ages 40-79 (qualified and non-qualified).

Market value adjustment

Your contract also includes a market value adjustment feature (also known as an interest adjustment) —which may decrease or increase your surrender value depending on the change in interest rates since your annuity purchase. Lower interest rates at time of issue may result in less opportunity for a positive market value adjustment in future contract years. In certain rate scenarios at the time of issue, it may not be possible to experience a positive market value adjustment.

Due to the mechanics of a market value adjustment feature, the surrender value generally decreases as interest rates rise or remain constant. Likewise, when interest rates decrease enough over a period of time, the surrender value generally increases. However, the market value adjustment is limited to the interest credited to the accumulation value.

The market value adjustments are applied only during the surrender charge period to surrenders exceeding the applicable penalty-free allowance.

See the "Understanding the market value adjustment" brochure for more information.

Surrender charges

During the surrender charge period, a surrender charge is assessed on any amount withdrawn, as a partial or full surrender, that exceeds the available penalty-free amount and may result in a loss of premium. Additional premiums deposited into existing contracts will maintain the surrender charge schedule set forth at contract issue date. Electing an annuity payout option before the end of the surrender charge period may incur a surrender charge.

Surrender charge schedule

Contract year	Charge
1	10%
2	10%
3	10%
4	10%
5	10%
6	9%
7	8%
8	6%
9	4%
10	2%

A surrender during the surrender charge period could result in a loss of premium.

Sammons Financial® is the marketing name for Sammons® Financial Group, Inc.'s member companies, including North American Company for Life and Health Insurance®. Annuities and life insurance are issued by, and product guarantees are solely the responsibility of, North American Company for Life and Health Insurance.

A.M. Best is a large, third-party independent reporting and rating company that rates an insurance company on the basis of the company's financial strength, operating performance, and ability to meet its obligations to policyholders. S&P Global Ratings is an independent, third-party rating firm that rates on the basis of financial strength. Ratings shown reflect the opinions of the rating agencies and are not implied warranties of the company's ability to meet its financial obligations. The ratings apply to North American's financial strength and claims-paying ability. **A)** A.M. Best rating affirmed on Aug. 19, 2020. For the latest rating, access ambest.com. **B)** Awarded to North American as part of Sammons® Financial Group Inc., which consists of Midland National® Life Insurance Company and North American Company for Life and Health Insurance®. **C)** Standard & Poor's rating assigned Feb. 26, 2009 and affirmed on June 2, 2021. **D)** Fitch Ratings, a global leader in financial information services and credit ratings, on April 23, 2021, affirmed an Insurer Financial Strength rating of A+ Stable for North American. This rating is the fifth highest of 19 possible rating categories. The rating reflects the organization's strong business profile, low financial leverage, very strong statutory capitalization and strong operating profitability supported by strong investment performance. For more information access fitchratings.com.

This brochure is for solicitation purposes only. Please refer to your Contract for any other specific information. With every contract that North American issues there is a free-look period. This gives you the right to review your entire Contract and if you are not satisfied, return it and have your premium returned.

Fixed index annuities are not a direct investment in the stock market. They are long term insurance products with guarantees backed by the issuing company. They provide the potential for interest to be credited based in part on the performance of specific indices, without the risk of loss of premium due to market downturns or fluctuation. Although fixed index annuities guarantee no loss of premium due to market downturns, deductions from your accumulation value for additional optional benefit riders could under certain scenarios exceed interest credited to the accumulation value, which would result in loss of premium. They may not be appropriate for all clients. Interest credits to a fixed index annuity will not mirror the actual performance of the relevant index.

The term financial professional is not intended to imply engagement in an advisory business in which compensation is not related to sales. Financial professionals that are insurance licensed will be paid a commission on the sale of an insurance product.

The NAC IncomeChoice® 10 is primarily designed for future income and may not be appropriate for clients who do not plan to utilize the GLWB feature or who intend to take withdrawals before utilizing the GLWB feature. Premium taxes: accumulation value will be reduced for premium taxes as required by the state of residence.

Refer to your Contract for complete details.

All rates and features are subject to change. Please consult your financial professional for the current information.

The NAC IncomeChoice® 10 is issued in Massachusetts on form NA1004A20 (contract), NA1004A-END, AE590A, LR431A20, LR424A20-1, AE589, AE556A20, AE557A20, AE594A and LR432A20 (riders/endorsements) by North American Company for Life and Health Insurance®, West Des Moines, IA.

Special Notice Regarding The Use Of A Living Trust As Owner Or Beneficiary Of This Annuity.

The use of living trusts in connection with an annuity contract can be a valuable planning mechanism. However, a living trust is not appropriate when mass-produced in connection with the sale of an insurance product. We strongly suggest you seek the advice of your qualified legal advisor concerning the use of a trust with an annuity contract.

Neither North American, nor any agents acting on its behalf, should be viewed as providing legal, tax or investment advice. Consult with and rely on a qualified advisor. Under current law, annuities grow tax-deferred. Annuities may be subject to taxation during the income or withdrawal phase. The tax-deferred feature is not necessary for a tax-qualified plan. In such instances, you should consider whether other features, such as the death benefit, lifetime annuity payments, and any other features make the Contract appropriate for your needs.

Withdrawals taken prior to age 59 1/2 may be subject to IRS penalties.

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We believe that we aren't here to serve just today's customers, but customers for generations to come. As we look ahead to our next hundred years, that fundamental principle remains rich in its vision. No matter how much change happens in the world around us, we strive to find new ways to create value for our customers.

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North American has continued to earn high ratings, based on our financial strength, operating performance, and ability to meet obligations to our policyholders and contract holders. North American currently holds the following ratings:

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